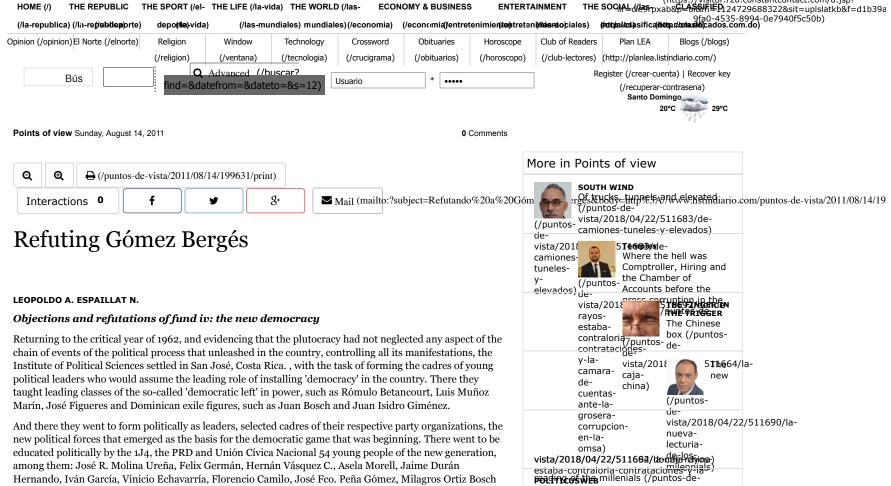




SUSCRÍBETE A NUESTRO



Hernando, Iván García, Vinicio Echavarría, Florencio Camilo, José Fco. Peña Gómez, Milagros Ortiz Bosch

and José del Carmen Rodríguez. Bosch influenced Molina Ureña in such a way that when he returned to the country, he was already assigned to the PRD as part of his vanguard.

What was unknown at the time was that the Institute led by Sacha Volman was financed with CIA funds by Norman Thomas, president of the US Socialist Party. Volman, a key player in the Dominican political future, was the first foreigner to set foot in the country immediately after Trujillo's death, entering as a journalist on the border with Haiti, to meet with Joaquín Balaguer. From then on Volman maintained a great influence with this one as with Bosch, with whom he always had the doors open.

The political struggle that broke out within the Council of State headed by Balaguer, and composed of political and ecclesiastical personalities who served Trujillo and had gone to National Civic Union, as was the case of Rafael F. Bonnelly, vice president; Nicolás Pichardo, and Monsignor Pérez Sánchez, members of the same; Balaguer ended up taking refuge in the apostolic nunciature and went into exile in March 1962, with Bonnelly presiding over the organization, which was in charge of organizing the electoral process, whose winner was Fiallo.

In UCN, the most important sectors of the economy, including those who were partners of Trujillo or of his brother-in-law, Francisco Martínez Alba (Paquito), who had survived his fall without major mishaps, had gone to take refuge in sight or outside it. But the plutocracy had not counted on the political blunders of this or the skills of Bosch. Starting from an equivocal assessment, Fiallo campaigned offering whip to the Trujillistas, in a country whose humble and lower middle class were courted by the regime and constituted their real political base.

Meanwhile, the oligarchic social class, the upper middle class, the middle class and the intellectuals, opportunistically negotiated with the Trujillo regime, for their profit or survival, although nesting in the bosom of their youth the only real clandestine resistance and conscious to Trujillo, inevitably dragged by the example of the Cuban revolution led by a Fidel Castro who gave an example of propitious rebellion wherever the 'Manifest Destiny' of the North American corporations had been present and who had not taken sides even in the War Cold with the Soviet bloc.

Por el contrario, Bosch le tendió a ese escenario mayoritario comprometido con el pasado, incluyendo los miembros de las fuerzas armadas y sus familiares, un 'borrón y cuenta nueva', que incorporaba a todos los que la campaña de la UCN y el 1J4 hacían sentir complejo de culpa por su pasado, comenzando con los miembros de su aparato político, el Partido Dominicano, al cual se exigía pertenecer a todos los adultos. Fue más lejos, desde Costa Rica esbozó que era posible arribar a un proceso democrático con la presencia de Ramfis Trujillo en el país.

Esta primera opción del 'trujillismo sin Trujillo' -que tuvo tres versiones- contó inicialmente con el apoyo de influyentes sectores cercanos al Presidente John F. Kennedy, pero entraba en contradicción con la segunda versión, sustentada por los que propiciaron el atentado de la CIA y el 30 de Mayo contra Trujillo, a base de Balaguer, y terminó siendo descartada; aunque ésta a su vez perdió el primer 'encuentro' con los patrocinadores de la tercera versión, democracia con UCN, Fiallo, la oligarquía y el trujillismo reivindicado.

In spite of the fact that Ramfis Trujillo, the designated heir of the regime and his family had to comply with the design of the plutocracy to which Trujillo had refused, and leave the country; the electoral slogan of Bosch that received support from this sector was his definitive electoral triumph letter, but his government was defeated by Trujillo without Trujillo with Balaguer; that at the end he triumphed over the defeat of the Triumvirate, and of the constitutionalist insurrection crushed by the North American troop, which brought him back to power in 1966 in a vote without elections.

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